

## Retake Final WISB372, 21-12-2011, 14-17

**Problem 1** [40 pts.] Consider the following optimal control problem: maximize  $\int_0^T (x(t) - ax^2(t) - u^2(t)) dt$  over all control functions  $u : [0, T] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $\dot{x} = u - \delta x$  and  $x(0) = x_0$ . Here  $a \geq 0$ ,  $\delta \geq 0$  are parameters and  $x_0$  is a given initial state.

- Use the Pontryagin MP to determine the candidate-optimal control functions and their associated trajectories for the special case  $a = 0$ ,  $\delta = 0$ .
- Use the Pontryagin MP to determine the candidate-optimal control functions and their associated trajectories for the case  $a \geq 0$ ,  $\delta \geq 0$ .

**Problem 2** [25 pts.] You are the only player in a game with  $N$  rounds that involves an urn, filled with balls. Your purpose is to maximize your expected total winnings from this game.

Initially, the urn is filled with  $B$  black balls and  $R > N$  red balls. In each round you may decide either to draw a ball – at random – from the urn or not to draw. If you don't draw, nothing happens to you financially. If you choose to draw, you must first pay a dollar; thereupon, if you draw a red ball, you win  $W > 1$  dollars and if you draw a black ball you get zero dollars.

The game has a remarkable rule: red balls, when drawn, may not be returned to the urn. However, black balls, when drawn, must be returned to the urn (so there are always  $B$  black balls in the urn, whereas the number of red balls can only go down).

- Formulate the above game as a DP-model in standard form.
- Determine the optimal policy for this model by means of the DPA.
- Intuitively, your answer in part b should make good sense. How? To check it for correctness, test your answer in part b in the very special case  $B = 0$ .

**Problem 3** [35 pts.] Consider the following problem: minimize  $\int_0^T \dot{x}^2(t) dt$  over all  $T > 0$  and all continuously differentiable functions  $x : [0, T] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  such that  $x(0) = 0$  and  $x(T) + T + 1 = 0$ .

- Reformulate this problem as a standard optimal control problem with free terminal time by considering  $z(t) := x(t) + t$  and  $u(t) := \dot{z}(t)$ .
- Find the candidate-optimal control functions for the reformulated problem in part a.
- Use the outcome in part b to find the candidate-optimal solutions for the original problem in part a. *Hint:* there are two such functions and you must determine both.