

# Tackle your exam

Multiple choice questions

# Work in rounds

Here's how to manage your time efficiently.

- 1. Complete only the easy questions first. Skip what you don't know.
- 2. Then focus on the questions that require deeper thinking.
- 3. The very difficult questions you save for last.

# Find the best answer and not the 100% 'perfect' answer.

In the case of four response alternatives, generally:

- 1. One of the four is clearly incorrect
- 2. The second one turns out to be incorrect with some thought.
- 3. If two answers are very similar, one of two is usually correct
- 4. Now decide which of the remaining two is the best answer. The following pointers can help:
  - Read the question and answers carefully, but don't look for too much behind them either. Many questions are not meant to be 'deep'.
  - Underline key words (key concepts, action verbs, etc.)
  - Determine what type of question it is (knowledge, insight, application, analysis) and think about what kind of answer you would expect to accompany it.
  - It is about the best answer. So it does not have to correspond exactly to the way it was worded in your book or notes.

# Multiple-choice questions often involve recognition.

If you are well prepared, the first impression is usually the best. When in doubt, look again at the question and answer alternatives in a subsequent round. An alternative is usually incorrect if:

- It is a strange answer.
- It is an extremely formulated answer.

# Try reducing a complexly worded question/answer to an outline.

Improve only on the basis of new insight. Don't 'improve' to reduce agitation and doubt and rather on the basis of a new understanding of the question. Improving is then 'worsening'. If you risk ruining the exam that way, hand it in and go home.